# **Rules of the District Court (Amendment) Rules 2008**

### The Rules of the District Court (Cap. 336H)

#### Order 2 – EFFECT OF NON-COMPLIANCE

# **Remarks**

# 1. Non-compliance with Rules (O. 2, r. 1)

- (1) Where, in beginning or purporting to begin any proceedings or at any stage in the course of or in connection with any proceedings, there has, by reason of any thing done or left undone, been a failure to comply with the requirements of these Rules, whether in respect of time, place, manner, form or content or in any other respect, the failure shall be treated as an irregularity and shall not nullify the proceedings, any step taken in the proceedings, or any document, judgment or order therein.
- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), the Court may, on the ground that there has been such failure as is mentioned in paragraph (1), and on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks just, set aside either wholly or in part the proceedings in which the failure occurred, any step taken in those proceedings or any document, judgment or order therein or exercise its powers under these Rules to allow such amendments (if any) to be made and to make such order (if any) dealing with the proceedings generally as it thinks fit.
- (3) The Court shall not wholly set aside any proceedings or the writ or other originating process by which they were begun on the ground that the proceedings were required by any of these Rules to be begun by an originating process other than the one employed.

Rule 13 Rec 11-16

(3) The Court shall not wholly set aside any proceedings or the writ or other originating process by which they were begun on the ground that the proceedings ought to have begun by an originating process other than the one employed, but shall instead give directions for the continuation of the proceedings in an appropriate manner.

### 2. Application to set aside for irregularity (O. 2, r. 2)

- (1) An application to set aside for irregularity any proceedings, any step taken in any proceedings or any document, judgment or order therein shall not be allowed unless it is made within a reasonable time and before the party applying has taken any fresh step after becoming aware of the irregularity.
- (2) An application under this rule may be made by summons and the grounds of application must be stated in the summons.

3. Non-compliance with rules and court orders (O. 2, r. 3)	Rule 4 Rec 84
(1) The Court may order a party to pay a sum of money into court if that party has, without good reason, failed to comply with a rule or court order.	
(2) When exercising its power under paragraph (1), the Court shall have regard to –  (a) the amount in dispute; and (b) the costs which the parties have incurred or which they may incur.	2
(3) Where a party pays money into court following an order under paragraph (1), the money is security for any sum payable by that party to any other party in the proceedings.	
4. Sanctions have effect unless defaulting party obtains relief (O. 2, r. 4  Where a party has failed to comply with a rule or court order, any sanction for failure to comply imposed by the rule or court order has effect unless the party in default applies to the Court for and obtains relief from the sanction within 14 days of the failure.	Rec 84
<ul> <li>5. Relief from sanctions (O. 2, r. 5)</li> <li>(1) On an application for relief from any sanction imposed for a failure</li> </ul>	Rule 4 Rec 84
to comply with any rule or court order, the Court shall consider all the	
circumstances including –	
(a) the interests of the administration of justice;	
(b) whether the application for relief has been made promptly;	
<ul> <li>(c) whether the failure to comply was intentional;</li> <li>(d) whether there is a good explanation for the failure to comply;</li> </ul>	
(e) the extent to which the party in default has complied with other	•
rules and court orders;	<u> </u>
(f) whether the failure to comply was caused by the party in	
default or his legal representative;	
(g) in the case where the party in default is not legally represented,	
whether he was unaware of the rule or court order, or if he was	•
aware of it, whether he was able to comply with it without legal	
assistance;  (b) whether the trial date or the likely trial date can still be met if	
(h) whether the trial date or the likely trial date can still be met if	

(2) An application for relief must be supported by evidence.

(i) the effect which the failure to comply had on each party; and
 (j) the effect which the granting of relief would have on each party.